

1350

PID 1/4 DIN temperature controllers



code 80434B - 01/2017 - ENG

QUICK INSTALLATION GUIDE

Warnings and safety Package Contents Display and keys Mounting Connections Fast configuration

Side 2 Setting up quick configuration Drilling dimensions and templates Technical specifications

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WARNINGS AND SAFETY

Although all of the information in this manual has been carefully checked. Gefran S.p.A. assumes no liability regarmage ding the presence of any errors or regarding damage to property and/or harm to individuals due to any improper use of this manual.

Gefran S.p.A. also reserves the right to make changes to the contents and form of this manual and to the characteristics of the devices illustrated at any time and without prior warning.

The installation of the devices illustrated in the manual must be carried out by qualified technicians in compliance with the

laws and standards in force and in agreement with the instructions contained in the manual.

If the PID temperature controllers 1/4 DIN 1350 is used in applications with the risk of damages to persons, machinery

or materials, its use in conjunction with alarms is essential. It is advisable to envisage the possibility of checking the intervention of the alarms during regular operation.

Before interacting with the PID temperature controllers 1/4 DIN 1350, the operator must receive full training in the procedures of operation, emergency, diagnosis and maintenance of the system.

More information on the device and procedures of the instalation, maintenance and use can be found in the Installation and Use Controllers 650-1250-1350, which is available for free download from the GEFRAN website (www.gefran.com).



EMC (electromagnetic compatibility): conforms to directiv 2014/30/EU with reference to standard EN 61326-1

emission in industrial environment class A

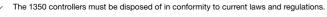
Safety LVD: conforms to directiv 2014/35/EU with reference to standard EN61010-1

This is a class A product intended for use in an industrial environment. There may be potential difficulties in

Graphic simbo

Indicates contents of sections, general instructions, notes, and other points to which the reader's attention needs to be called.

Indicates a particularly delicate situation that could affect the safety or correct operation of the controller, or an instruction that MUST be followed to prevent hazards.



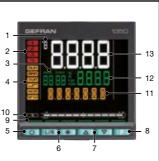


If not correctly disposed of, some of the components used in the devices may harm the

PACKAGE CONTENTS

- n. 1 PID Temperature Cotroller 1/4 DIN model 1350
- n. 2 Mounting bracket with screws n 1 Rubber gasket 48×96 front-hox

DISPLAY AND KEYS



- Temperature unit of measurement or number of program run-
- State of outputs OUT1, OUT2, OUT3, OUT4. Displays program number, step number, unit of measurement (%, A, kW, kWh).
- Controller function states: RUN = setpoint programmer active: /- = setpoint ramp active: TUN = PID parameters tuning active; MAN = manual/automatic (off = automatic control, on = manual control); REM = remote setpoint enabled; SP1/2 = setpoint active (off = setpoint 1, on = setpoint 2). Work mode key (manual/automatic) in standard mode.
- A function can be assigned via parameter but1. The key is active only when the display shows the process variable. Key function configurable with parameters but 2 and but 3 The keys are active only when the display shows the process
- Up/down keys: raise/lower the value of the parameter displayed on the SV or PV display.
- 8, F key: lets you navigate among controller menus and parameters. Confirms the parameter value and selects the next

variable

- Kev pressed signals.
- 10. Displays percentage of power or current, configurable with parameter bArG.
- 11. Display F: parameters, diagnostics and alarm messages. Configurable with parameter dS.F (default = setpoint).
- 12. SV display: parameter values. Configurable with parameter dS.SP (default = setpoint).

MOUNTING



Attention! The devices described in this manual must be installed by trained personnel in conformity to current laws and regulations, following all of the instructions in this manual.

Before installing, check that the controller is in perfect condition and was not damaged in shipment. Make sure that the package contains all of the accessories listed on the accompanying document, especially the gasket and

Check that the order code matches the configuration required for the intended application (supply voltage, number and type of inputs and outputs).

Attention! If even one of the requirements mentioned above (trained technician in, device in perfect condition, correct configuration) is not satisfied, interrupt the installation and contact your Gefran dealer or Gefran Customer

The controller is designed for permanent indoor installation. It must be mounted on electrical panels or on panels controlling machines or production process plants that are able to protect the exposed terminals on the rear of the controller.



Attention! DO NOT install the controller in a potentially inflammable or explosive atmosphere. It can be connected to elements that work in such atmospheres only by means of appropriate interfaces that conform to safety regulations in force in the country of installation.



Attention! If the controller is used in applications with risk of harm/damage to persons/property, it MUST be connected to dedicated alarm devices. It is advisable to provide the possibility, during normal functioning of the controller and of the system or equipment that it controls, of checking whether any alarms have tripped

The controller must be installed in a location that is not subject to sudden temperature changes or to freezing or condensation, and no corrosive gases must be present.

The controller can work in Pollution Degree 2 environments (presence of non-conductive dust, only temporarily conductive

The controller is sensitive to strong electromagnetic fields. Do not position it near radio devices or other equipment that may generate electromagnetic fields, such as power contactors, relays, thyristor power units (especially phase angle), motors,

solenoids, transformers, high-frequency welders, etc. For correct installation, respect the dimensions of each hole and the distance between adjacent holes shown in the figures.



Attention! The support on which the operator panel is mounted must:

be sufficiently rigid and robust to support the device without bending during use;

Do not allow scrap or metal particles from machining or condensation products to reach the device

be from 1 to 4 mm thick to allow the device to be fastened with the supplied bracket.

The front of the controller has an IP65 protection index, so the device can be installed without problems in rooms that are very dusty or subject to splashing water provided: the housing in which the device is inserted is dust-tight and watertight; the support on which the device is installed is perfectly smooth and without undulations on the front; the hole on the support scrupulously respects the specified drilling dimensions; the device is fully tightened to the support to ensure that the gasket inserted between the device and the panel is watertight.

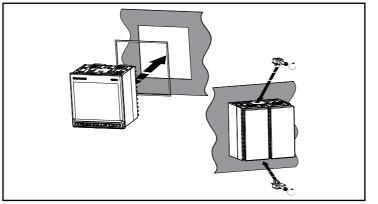
If not adequately protected, the controller has an IP20 protection index (rear container and terminal board).

The controller can support vibrations from 10 to 55 Hz. 20 m/s², in all directions (X, Y and Z). If the device is mounted on a

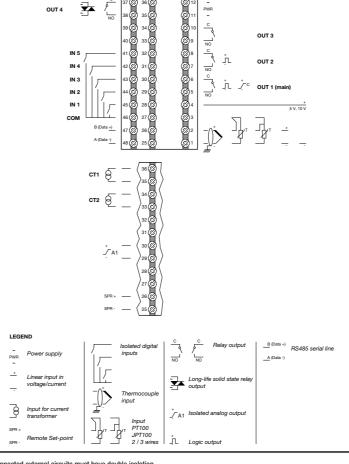
The temperature in the housing containing the controller must NEVER exceed 55°C. NEVER block the ventilation slits. Forced cooling (for example, with a fan) of the rear of the controller may cause measurement errors.

The controller must be positioned so that the display is not subject to direct sunlight or to very strong sources of light. If necessary, filter direct light, for example, with a reflective screen. The controller must be tilted between 30° and 120°. Fastening to the panel:

- 1. Insert the die-cut rubber gasket between the controller and the panel. The gasket (supplied) is indispensable for ensuring the declared protection index of the faceplate.
- 2 Insert the device into the hole previously made on the panel 3. Place the supplied bracket(s) onto the rear of the controller.
- 4. Tighten the screws to fasten the device to the panel. The tightening torque must be between 0,3 and 0,4 N m.



CONNECTIONS



Connected external circuits must have double isolation.

In case of shielded cables, the shield must be grounded at a single point, possibly near the controller. Input cables must be physically separated from power cables, output cables, and power connections. Do not connect unused terminals.

Tighten the terminals without forcing. Loose terminals may cause sparks and fires. The recommended tightening torque is 0.5 Nm. When making connections, respect polarity where required. Do not bend or twist the cables beyond the limits specified by the manufacturers.

After connecting the cables, apply the transparent cover to protect the terminals. The terminal teeth limit and define the correct direction for applying the cover. Always use cables appropriate for the voltage and current limits specified in the Technical Characteristics.

Use copper cables with 60/75°C insulation.

Use twisted and shielded cables for non-power connections

The controller's terminal board has screw terminals (M3) that accept stripped cables and crimped terminals for a tightenin torque of 0.5 N m. Two ring or crimped fork terminals can be connected on each terminal

Cable / terminal	Cable section / terminal	Terminal size
Rigid cable	0,22,5 mm ² (2414 AWG)	
Twisted	0,22,5 mm ² (2414 AWG)	
Tag terminal (to be crimped)	0,252,5 mm2 (2314 AWG)	
Fork terminal (to be crimped)		5,8 mm
Ring terminal (to be crimped)		5,8 mm

Attention! Anchor the cables, at least in pairs, so that mechanical stresses do not discharge on the terminal connections.

Attention! Before powering the controller, make sure that the supply voltage matches the one shown on the controller

Recause the controller does not have a switch, a bipolar switch with fuse must be inserted unline. The switch, or isolator must be positioned in the immediate vicinity of the device and must be easily reached by the operator. A single switch can control multiple controllers

The controller must be powered by a line separated from the one used for electromechanical power devices (relays, con It is advisable to install a ferrite core on the power line, as close as possible to the device, to limit the controller's suscept

tibility to electromagnetic noise. If the controller's power line is heavily disturbed by the switching of thyristor power units or by motors, it is advisable to

use an isolation transformer only for the controller, grounding the shield. Use appropriate line filters in the vicinity of highfrequency generators or arc welders. Use a voltage stabilizer if there are

20...27 VAC/VDC models must be powered by a class II or low-voltage limited-energy source. The power supply must use a line separated from the one used for electromechanical power devices, and low-voltage power cables must run along a path separated from the system or machine power cables.



Attention! Make sure the ground connection is efficient. Absent or inefficient grounding can make the device unstable due to excessive noise. Specifically, check that:

 voltage between mass and ground is < 1 V; resistance is < 6 Ω.

Attention! If the controller is connected to devices that are NOT electrically isolated (such as thermocouples),

ground with a specific conductor to prevent grounding directly through the machine structure. The controller's input and output lines must be senarated from the power line

To prevent noise, the controller's input and output cables must be kept away from the power cables (high voltages or high The input and output cables and the power cables must not be placed parallel to one another. Use shielded cables or

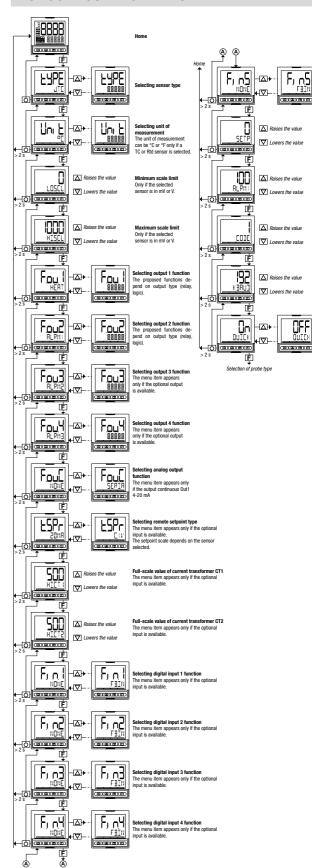
To connect the output to an inductive load (relay, contactor, electrovalve, motor, fan, solenoid, etc.) that works in AC, mount a snubber, i.e., an RC group (resistor and condenser in series) placed parallel to the load. Installing this filter lengthens the life of the relays.

NOTE: All condensers must conform to VDE (class X2) standards and support voltage > 220 VAC. The power of the resistor must be ≥ 2 W.

For inductive loads that work in DC, mount a 1N4007 diode parallel to the coil.

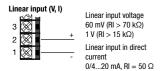
The filters must be connected as close as possible to the controller.

FAST CONFIGURATION MENU

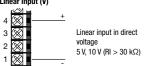


COMMISSIONING WITH QUICK CONFIGURATION

1 INPUT CONNECTION

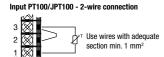


Linear input (V)



Input TC





Input PT100/JPT100 - 3-wire connection



6 VERIFY OPERATION OUTPUT

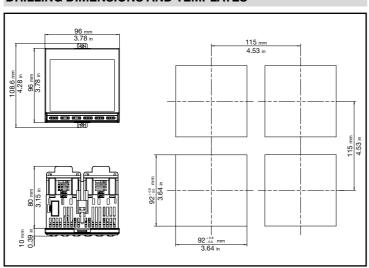
Set SP = AL1 = PV + 10 and check the status of the LEDs, which must be: (LED Out1): ON (LED Out2): OFF

AL1 (LED Out3): OFF

Set SP = AL1 = PV - 10 and check the status of the LEDs, which must be::

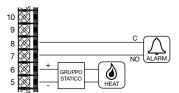
H (LED Out1): OFF C (LED Out2): ON AL1 (LED Out3): ON

DRILLING DIMENSIONS AND TEMPLATES

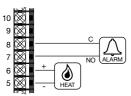


2 OUTPUT CONNECTION





Model 1350-R-RXX...



The probe type is set with the parameter

= Thermocouple J

= Thermocouple K = Thermocouple R

INFR1 = Inermocouple PZ2UR1 / PY4UR1
INFR2 = IR Sensor type 1
INFR3 = IR Sensor type 2
INFR3 = IR Sensor type 3
INFR4 = IR Sensor type 3
INFR4 = IR Sensor type 4
PT100 = Resistance thermometer Pt100
PT.LIM = Limitated resist. thermomet. Pt 100
JTP10 = Resistance thermometer JPT100

PT.LIM = Limitated resist. the
JTP10 = Resistance thermo
60MV = 0...60 mV Sensor
20MA = 0...20 mA Sensor
4-20M = 4...20 mA Sensor
10V = 0...10 V Sensor
2-10V = 2...10 V Sensor

= 0...5 V Sensor

= 1...5 V Sensor

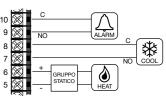
1V = 0...1 V Sensor **0.2-1V** = 0,2...1 V Sensor

tyPE

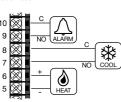
Options: J.TC K.TC R TC

5V 1-5V

Model 1350-D-RRX...



Model 1350-R-RRX...

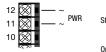


To enable the cooling output you need to set the following parameters: cntr = HC.PID (menu PID)

F.ou.2 = COOL (menu OUTPU)

F.ou.3 = ALRM1 (menu OUTPU)

3 POWER SUPPLY



100...240 VAC/VDC ±10% 50/60 Hz, 10 VA

20...27 VAC/VDC ±10% 50/60 Hz, 10 VA

4 POWER-ON

Power to the controller.

If the message appears on the PV display Sbr-Err. Sensor broken or input values above maximum limit. If the display does not show the correct PV input value (eg temperature) check the connections.

5 PROGRAMMING

Configure the controller through the quick setup menu. The full description of all parameters is available in the

TECHNICAL DATA

	FACE	
	Type Screen area (L x H)	LCD black background 83 × 68 mm
	Lighting	Backlit with LEDs, life > 40.000 hours @ 25 °C
		Number of digits: 4 to 7 segments, with decimal point
	PV display	Digit height: 23 mm Color: white or "custom"
		Number of digits: 4 to 7 segments, with decimal point
	SV display	Digit height: 11 mm
DISPLAY		Color: green or "custom" Number of digits: 7 to 14 segments, with decimal point
	F display	Digit height: 9 mm
		Color: ambra or "custom" Selectable, °C, °F or custom 1
	Unit of measurement	Color: same as PV display
	Controller state	Number: 6 (RUN, MAN, _/-, REM, SP1/2)
	signals	Color: ambra Number: 4 (1, 2, 3, 4)
	Output state signals	Color: red
KEYPAD		Keys number: 6, silicon (Man/Auto, INC, DEC, F) Type: mechanical
IPUTS		Type: mediamear
	Sensor type	TC, RTD (PT100, JPT100), IR ES1B, DC linear sensor
		TC inputs:
		Calibration accuracy: < +/- (0,25% of reading value in °C +0,1° Linearization accuracy: 0,1% of reading value
		Cold junction accuracy: < +/- 1,5°C a 25°C room temperature)
		Cold junction compensation: > 30:1 rejection to the change of
		the ambient temperature RTD input:
	Accuracy	Calibration accuracy: < +/- (0,15% of reading value in °C +1°C
		Temperature drift: < +/- (0,005% of reading value in °C
		+0,015°C)/°C from 25°C room temperature Linearization accuracy: 0,1% of reading value
		Linear inputs:
		Calibration accuracy:< 0,1% full scale Temperature drift: < +/- 0,005% full scale /°C at 25°C room
MAIN INPUT		temperature
	Sampling time	60 ms / 120 ms, selectable
	Digital filter Temperature unit	0,020,0 s Degrees C / F, selectable from keypad
	of measurement	
	Signal interval	Type: linear Scale: -19999999, settable decimal point
	TC (thermocouple)	Thermocouple: J, K, R, S, T, C, D
	input	Linearization: ITS90 o custom Resistance thermometer: PT100, JPT100
	RTD (resistance	Input impedance (Ri): $\geq 30 \text{ k}\Omega$
	thermometer) input	Linearization: DIN 43760 or custom
		Max. line resistance: 20 Ω 060 mV input impedance (Ri): > 70 kΩ
		01 V input impedance (Ri): > 76 Ks ²
	DC linear input	05 V / 010 V input impedance (Ri): > 30 kΩ
		0/420 mA input impedance (Ri): 50 Ω Linearization: linear or custom
	Remote set point	01 V, 010 V, 0/420 mA
AUXILIARY INPUT	Coolo	01 V input impedance (Ri): > 15 kΩ 010 V input impedance (Ri): > 30 kΩ
	Scale	010 V input impedance (Ri): > 30 kΩ 0/420 mA input impedance (Ri): 50 Ω
	Accuracy	0,1% f.s. ±1 digit @25 °C Isolated via external transformer
0.7	Туре	Number: 2 max
CT (ammeter)		Max. capacity: x / 50 mA AC
INPUT		Line frequency: 50/60 Hz Input impedance (Ri): 10 Ω
	Accuracy	±2% f.s. ±1 digit @25 °C
		Number: 5 max voltage-free contact, or
DIGITAL	Туре	NPN 24 V - 4,5 mA, o
INPUTS		PNP 12/24 V - max 3,6 mA
	Isolation	(for detail see electrical connections) 500 V
UTPUTS	1-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2	1
		Number: 4 max
	Relay	Type of relay contact: N0 Max. current: 5 A, 250 VAC / 30 VDC, cosφ = 1
	(R)	Minimum load: 5 V, 10 mA
		Life cycle: > 100.000 operations
		Double isolation Number: 2 max
	Logic	Type: for solid-state relays
	(D)	Voltage: 24 V ±10% (min 10 V @20 mA) Isolated from main input
		Number: 1 max
		Load: resistive
	Triac (long life relè)	Load: resistive Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A
	Triac (long life relè) (T)	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV
	1	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV snubber circuit integrated
	1	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV
	1	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV snubber circuit integrated zero crossing switching Number: 1 max Current: 420 mA
	(I)	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV snubber circuit integrated zero crossing switching Number: 1 max Current 420 mA Rout: < 500 Ω
	(T) Continuous	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV snubber circuit integrated zero crossing switching Number: 1 max Current: 420 mA
	(T) Continuous	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV snubber circuit integrated zero crossing switching Number: 1 max Current: 420 mA Rout: < 500 Ω Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input Number: 1 max
	Continuous (C) Analog retransmission	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV snubber circuit integrated zero crossing switching Number: 1 max Current: 420 mA Rout: < 500 Ω Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input Number: 1 max 010 V, max 20 mA, Rout: > 500 Ω
	Continuous (C)	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV snubber circuit integrated zero crossing switching Number: 1 max Current: 420 mA Rout: < 500 Ω Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input Number: 1 max 010 V, max 20 mA, Rout: > 500 Ω Q Resolution: 12 bit Route from Main input Number: 1 max 010 V, max 20 mA, Rout: > 500 Ω Q Resolution: 12 bit Resolution: 12 bit
	Continuous (C) Analog retransmission (A1)	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV snubber circuit integrated zero crossing switching Number: 1 max Current: 420 mA Rout: $< 500 \ \Omega$ Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input Number: 1 max 010 V, max 20 mA, Rout: $> 500 \ \Omega$ Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input Number: 1 max 010 V, max 20 mA, Rout: $> 500 \ \Omega$ Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input
	Continuous (C) Analog retransmission	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV snubber circuit integrated zero crossing switching Number: 1 max Current: 420 mA Rout: < 500 Ω Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input Number: 1 max 010 V, max 20 mA, Rout: > 500 Ω Q Resolution: 12 bit Route from Main input Number: 1 max 010 V, max 20 mA, Rout: > 500 Ω Q Resolution: 12 bit Resolution: 12 bit
ALARMS	Continuous (C) Analog retransmission (A1) Number of alarm	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV snubber circuit integrated zero crossing switching Number: 1 max Current: 420 mA Rout: $<500 \Omega$ Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input Number: 1 max 010 V, max 20 mA, Rout: $<500 \Omega$ Q Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input Number: 1 max 010 V, max 20 mA, Rout: $<500 \Omega$ Q Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input 4 max, assignable to an output 4 max, assignable to an output
ALARMS	Continuous (C) Analog retransmission (A1) Number of alarm functions	Voltage: 75264 VAC Current max: 1 A Isolation 3 kV snubber circuit integrated zero crossing switching Number: 1 max Current: 420 mA Rout: < 500 Ω Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input Number: 1 max 010 V, max 20 mA, Rout: > 500 Ω Resolution: 20 mA, Rout: > 500 Ω Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input Number: 1 max 010 V, max 20 mA, Rout: > 500 Ω Resolution: 12 bit Isolated from main input 4 max, assignable to an output

ONTROL FUNCTIO	Туре	Single loop
CONTROL	Control	PID, ON/OFF, single action heat or cool, double action heat/cool
	Control output	Continuous or ON/OFF
		Cycle time: constant or optimized (BF)
	Control output for	OPEN/CLOSE for floating motorized valve on Relay, Solid-state
	motorized valves	Triac outputs Max 4
	Number of programs	Start / Stop / Reset / Skip via digital inputs and/or outputs from
		logic operations
SETPOINT PROGRAMMER MULTIPLE SETPOINTS		Output state: Run /Hold / Ready / End
		Max 12, each with own setpoint, ramp time and hold time
	Number of setpoints	Times settable in HH:MM or MM:SS
		Max 4 consents, configurable for ramp and for hold
		Max 4 events, configurable in ramp and in hold
	Number of setpoints	Max 4, selectable from digital input Each setpoint change is subject to set ramp, different for up
		and down ramp
		Max 16, with 4 input variables per block. The result can act or
LOGIC	Function blocks	the state of the controller, of the programmer on alarms and of
OPERATIONS 1	Tanodon bioono	tputs. Each function contains an incorporated timer block time
TIMER		START / STOP
		STABILIZATION (timer is on when PV enters a band set around
FUNCTION	Modes	setpoint; at end of count you can activate an output, shut dow
FUNCTION		SW or change SP1/SP2)
		FIRING (timed activation of control after power on)
ENERGY COUNTER		Calculation done on nominal line voltage and nominal load
DIAGNOSTIC		power or on rms current measured on load via CT Short circuit or open circuit (LBA alarm)
		Interrupted or partially interrupted load (HB alarm)
		Short circuit of control output (SSR alarm)
RETENTIVE	Туре	EEPROM
MEMORY	Max. number of writes	1.000.000
RIAL INTERFACE		
	Туре	RS485
	Baudrate	1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19.200, 38.400, 57.600, 115.200 bi
	Protocol	MODBUS RTU
THERM DATA		Isolated from main input
ENERAL DATA		100 040 140 1/00 140 1/00 11-
	Operating voltage	100240 VAC/VDC ±10%, 50/60 Hz
POWER SUPPLY	Power dissipation	(on request 2027 VAC/VDC ±10%) 10 W max
	Protections	Overvoltage 300 V / 35 V
		Screw terminals and crimp connector, max. wire section max
	Connection	1 mm ²
	Serial configuration port	Connector: microUSB
CONNECTIONS	(for USB connection)	
	Inputs and outputs	Screw terminals and crimp connector, max. wire section 2,5 m
AMBIENT CONDITIONS	Use	Indoor
	Altitude	2000 m max
	Operating temperature	-10 +55 °C (as per IEC 68-2-14)
	Storage temperature Relative humidity	-20 +70 °C (as per IEC 68-2-14) 2085% RH non-condensing (as per IEC 68-2-3)
PROTECTION	neiauve numuny	IP 65 on front panel (as per IEC 68-2-3)
		11 00 011 11011t parior (as por 120 00 2 0)
LEVEL	Positioning	On panel, removable faceplate
LEVEL		
	Installation	Installation category: II
ASSEMBLY	Installation	Pollution degree: 2
	Installation regulations	